TEST ON Driving Safely Among Bicyclists and Pedestrians

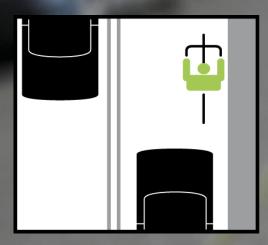




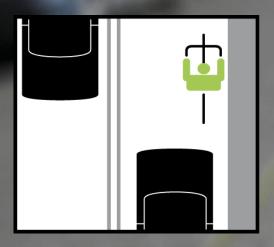
Next you will take a 16 question test about driving safely among bicyclists and pedestrians.

Please take out a sheet of paper to mark down and score your answers.

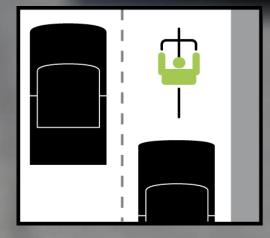
Good luck!



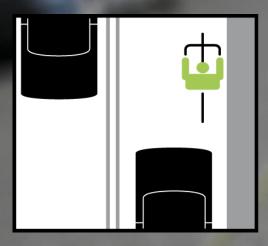
a. Ride on a roadway



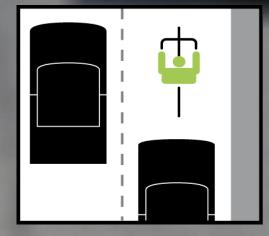
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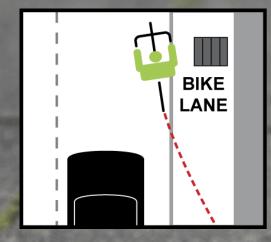
b. Occupy a lane



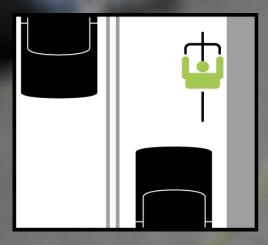
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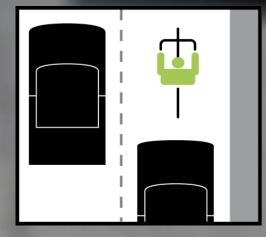
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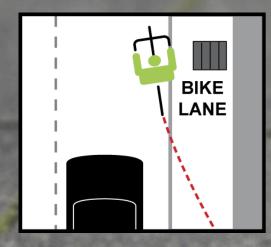
c. Ride out of a bike lane to avoid an obstruction



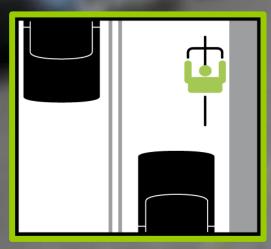
a. Ride on a roadway



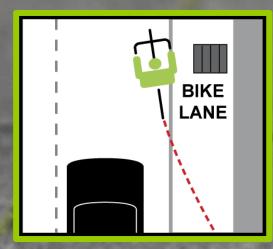
- b. Occupy a lane
- d. ALL are correct



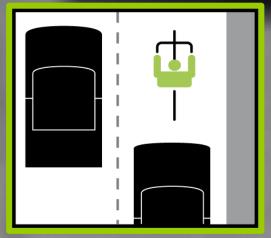
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a. Ride on a roadway



c. Ride out of a bike lane to avoid an obstruction



- b. Occupy a lane
- d. ALL are correct
 ANSWER:
 d. ALL are correct!
 Bicycles are vehicles in Washington and have the right to use the road even if a bicycle lane is present.

A pedestrian walks out across the street (jaywalking) 20 feet in front of the car. The driver may proceed without reducing speed since he has the right of way over a jaywalker.



Pedestrian crossing the street mid-block

A pedestrian walks out across the street (jaywalking) 20 feet in front of the car. The driver may proceed without reducing speed since he has the right of way over a jaywalker.

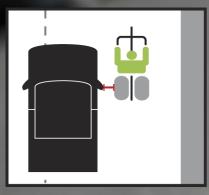
care regardless of the right



Pedestrian crossing the street mid-block

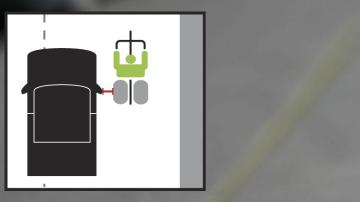
3 What is the minimum distance a driver should maintain between the car and a bicyclist when passing a bicyclists on a roadway or in a bicycle lane?

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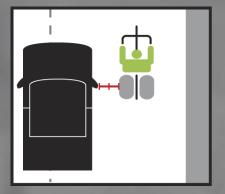
a. At least 1 foot from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

What is the minimum distance a driver should maintain between the car and a bicyclist when passing a bicyclists on a roadway or in a bicycle lane?



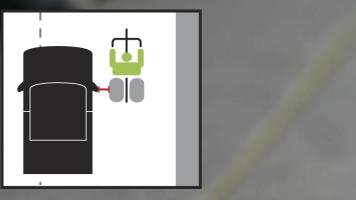
3

a. At least 1 foot from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

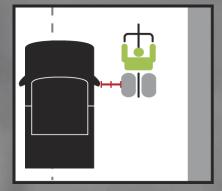


b. At least 2 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

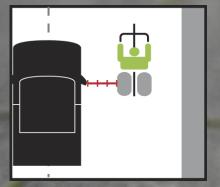
What is the minimum distance a driver should maintain between the car and a bicyclist when passing a bicyclists on a roadway or in a bicycle lane?



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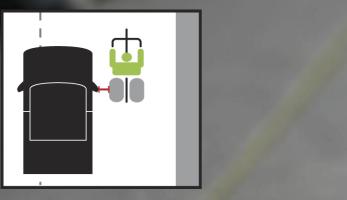


b. At least 2 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle



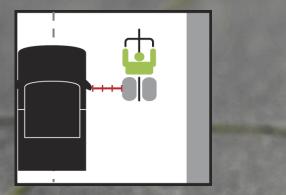
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c. At least 3 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle What is the minimum distance a driver should maintain between the car and a bicyclist when passing a bicyclists on a roadway or in a bicycle lane?

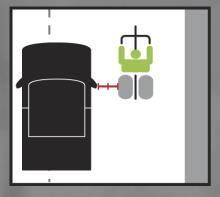


3

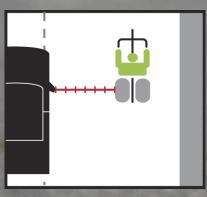
a. At least 1 foot from the widest point of both the car and bicycle



c. At least 3 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

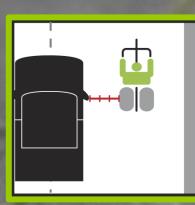


b. At least 2 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle



d. At least 6 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

3 What is the minimum distance a driver should maintain between the car and a bicyclist when passing a bicyclists on a roadway or in a bicycle lane?



ANSWER: C is correct! Three feet from the widest point of both vehicles is the minimum safe passing distance at slow speeds. More space should be provided at speeds over 30 mph. If necessary to provide safe passing, the motorist must wait for the traffic to clear.

 At least 3 feet from the widest point of both the car and bicycle

Distractions create the greatest risk for hitting a pedestrian or bicyclist.



Focusing on passengers while driving



Adjusting the car stereo while driving



Talking on a cell phone or texting while driving



Eating while driving

Distractions create the greatest risk for hitting a pedestrian or bicyclist.



Inattention from distractions is the leading cause of collisions with pedestrians or bicyclists.



a. Yield to oncoming bicyclists rather than rushing to beat the bicyclist.



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b. Watch for pedestrians or bicyclists who are in the crosswalk or on the adjacent sidewalk.



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c. Check blindspot and side mirror to make sure a bicyclist is not beside the car.



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d. ALL are correct



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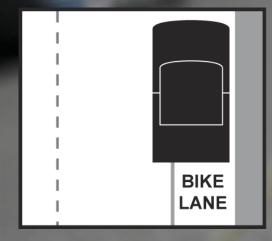
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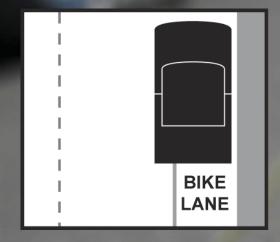
- Watch for pedestrians or bicyclists who are in the crosswalk or on the adjacent sidewalk.
- d. ALL are correct

ANSWER: d. ALL are correct!

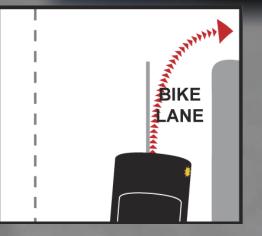
- You must be on your lockout
- because bicyclists and pedestrians can be hard to
- see and are vulnerable users.



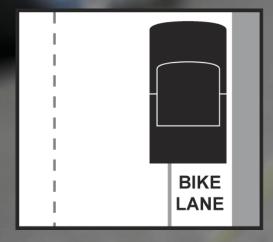
a. Motor vehicles may park in bicycle lanes.



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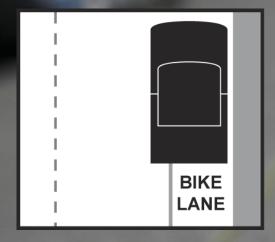
 b. Motor vehicles may cross bicycle lanes with solid dividing lines to turn.



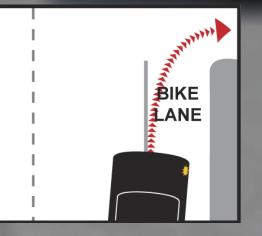
a. Motor vehicles may park in bicycle lanes.

- Bike
- b. Motor vehicles may cross bicycle lanes with solid dividing lines to turn.

c. Both are true.



- a. Motor vehicles may park in bicycle lanes.
- c. Both are true.



- Motor vehicles may cross bicycle lanes with solid dividing lines to turn.
- d. Both are false.

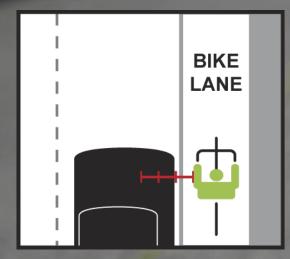


a. Motor vehicles may park in bicycle lanes.

c. Both are true.

- Bike
- b. Motor vehicles may cross bicycle lanes with solid dividing lines to turn.
- d. Both are false.
- ANSWER: d. Both are FALSE! State and local laws prohibit parking and driving in bicycle lanes. A motor vehicle may cross a bicycle lane ONLY when the dividing line is broken.

A motorist is entitled to drive right up to the dividing line of a bicycle lane and does not need to pass the bicyclist by at least three feet.



Motorist may drive up to the edge of bicycle lane

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Motorist may drive up to the edge of bicycle lane

ANSWER: FALSE! A bicycle lane does not alter the motorist's duty to pass a bicyclist with a safe distance. If other traffic prevents the motorist from moving sideways to provide enough passing distance, the motorist must wait for the traffic to clear.

Most collisions with pedestrians occur at night or when lighting is inadequate.

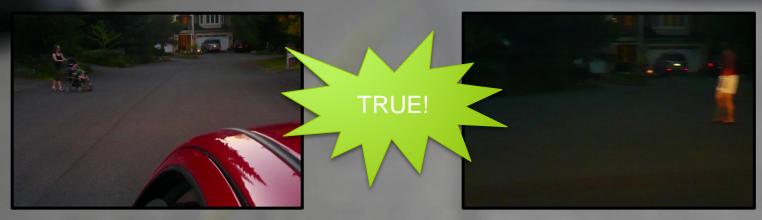


Pedestrians walking at dusk



Pedestrians walking at night

Most collisions with pedestrians occur at night or when lighting is inadequate.



Pedestrians walking at dusk

Pedestrians walking at night

ANSWER: True! Most collisions with pedestrians occur at dawn, dusk, or night. 9 Even if a bicycle lane is present, when are bicyclists legally permitted to use a traffic lane?

9 Even if a bicycle lane is present, when are bicyclists legally permitted to use a traffic lane?



a. When two bicyclists are riding side-by-side



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b. When there are obstructions, glass, or other hazards in the bicycle lane



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 b. When there are obstructions, glass, or other hazards in the bicycle lane



c. When making a left turn or using a left turn lane



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c. When making a left turn or using a left turn lane



- b. When there are obstructions, glass, or other hazards in the bicycle lane
- d. ALL are correct



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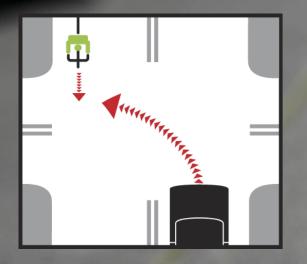
- b. When there are obstructions, glass, or other hazards in the bicycle lane
- d. ALL are correct

ANSWER: cl. ALL are correct!

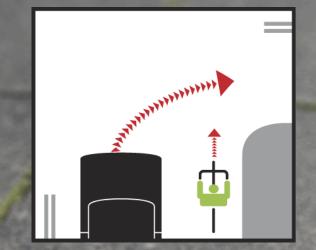
Washington law allows bicycles to ride two-abreast and use traffic lanes in ALL of these situations.

10 True or False?

Motorists who are turning must yield to oncoming bicyclists.



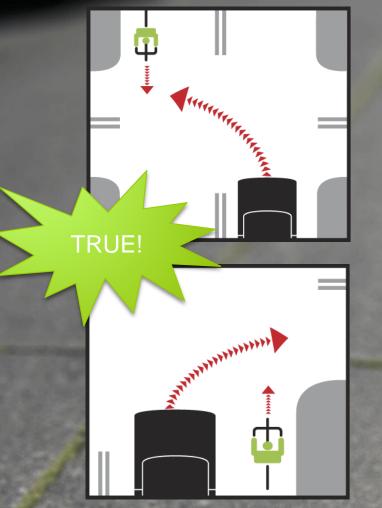
Vehicle turning left while cyclist proceeds straight



Vehicle turning right while cyclist proceeds straight

10 True or False?

Motorists who are turning must yield to oncoming bicyclists.



Vehicle turning left while cyclist proceeds straight

Vehicle turning right while cyclist proceeds straight ANSWER: TRUE! Rushing a turn to bear a bicyclist is illegal and one of the leading causes of collisions and fatalities.



a. Tell the bicyclist to ride on the sidewalk.



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b. Race the engine or honk to warn the bicyclist.



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c. Wait to pass until the driver has at least 3 feet of clearance.



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c. Wait to pass until the driver has at least 3 feet of clearance.



- b. Race the engine or honk to warn the bicyclist.
- d. None are correct

ANSWER: C is correct!

Waiting to pass a bicyclist safely usually only takes a few seconds; honking or yelling at a bicyclist to show your displeasure is unlawful.



c. Wait to pass until the driver has at least 3 feet of clearance.



a. A bicyclist riding into the street from a driveway or side street



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b. Opening a car door into the path of an oncoming bicyclist



a. A bicyclist riding into the street from a driveway or side street



b. Opening a car door into the path of an oncoming bicyclist



c. A pedestrian who may be walking out from the front of a stopped car that you are passing



a. A bicyclist riding into the street from a driveway or side street



b. Opening a car door into the path of an oncoming bicyclist



d. ALL are correct

c. A pedestrian who may be walking out from the front of a stopped car that you are passing



a. A bicyclist riding into the street from a driveway or side street





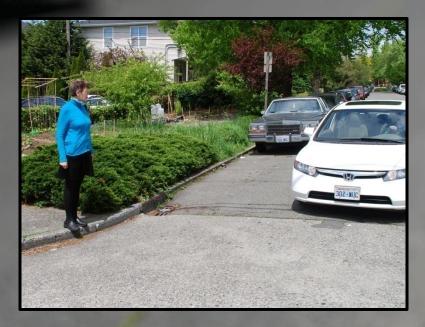
- b. Opening a car door into the path of an oncoming bicyclist
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ANSWER: cl. ALL are correct!

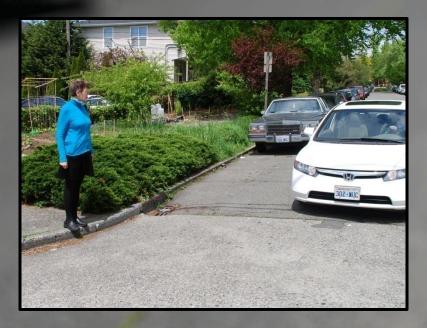
These are especially dangerous situations you need to anticipate.

c. A pedestrian who may be walking out from the front of a stopped car that you are passing

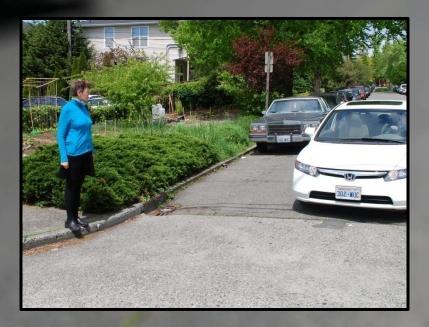




a. Brake to a stop at least 20 feet before the intersection to allow the pedestrian to safely cross



- a. Brake to a stop at least 20 feet before the intersection to allow the pedestrian to safely cross
- b. Continue without slowing since the pedestrian must wait until traffic clears



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- c. Honk to warn the pedestrian the car is proceeding without slowing



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- d. NONE are correct



- a. Brake to a stop at least 20 feet before the intersection to allow the peclestrian to safely cross
- b. Continue without slowing since the pedestrian must wait until traffic clears
- c. Honk to warn the pedestrian the car is proceeding without slowing
- d. NONE are correct

ANSWER:

A is correct!

All intersections have a "legal" crosswalk whether marked or not. If a pedestrian is about to enter the crosswalk you must yield to allow the pedestrian to cross.





 a. When the light is red, a motorist should stop at the stop line marked on the road at the back edge of the bike box



- When the light is red, a motorist should stop at the stop line marked on the road at the back edge of the bike box
- b. When the light is red or turning red, a bicyclist who is going through a intersection may position herself in the middle of the box ahead of a motor vehicle



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- c. A motorist should yield to a bicyclist in a bike box



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- d. ALL are correct



ANSWER: d. ALL are correct! Bike boxes give bicycles a safe and visible place to wait at intersections to reduce the chance of a vehicle turning into a bicyclist.

- When the light is red, a motorist should stop at the stop line marked on the road at the back edge of the bike box
- b. When the light is red or turning red, a bicyclist who is going through a intersection may position herself in the middle of the box ahead of a motor vehicle
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a. At intersections with marked crosswalks.



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b. At midblock without a marked crosswalk.



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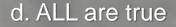
c. At intersections without a marked crosswalk.



a. At intersections with marked crosswalks.



b. At midblock without a marked crosswalk.





c. At intersections without a marked crosswalk.



a. At intersections with marked crosswalks.



c. At intersections without a marked crosswalk.



b. At midblock without a marked crosswalk.

d. ALL are true ANSWER: d. ALL are true! Regardless of right of wa

motorists must yield to avoid hitting a pedestrian.



a. A driver turning right only looks left, not seeing the pedestrian on the right



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 A driver turns left into a pedestrian because the driver only checked for oncoming traffic



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 A driver turns left into a pedestrian because the driver only checked for oncoming traffic



 A driver in a school zone does not watch for children who move unpredictably



a. A driver turning right only looks left, not seeing the pedestrian on the right





- A driver turns left into a pedestrian because the driver only checked for oncoming traffic
- d. ALL are correct

c. A driver in a school zone does not watch for children who move unpredictably



a. A driver turning right only looks left, not seeing the pedestrian on the right



c. A driver in a school zone does not watch for children who move unpredictably



- b. A driver turns left into a pedestrian because the driver only checked for oncoming traffic
- d. ALL are correctANSWER:d. ALL are correct!

Many pedestrian collisions can be prevented if drivers look for pedestrians at intersections and schools, and yield to pedestrians wanting to cross the street.

How did you score?

15-16 correct

You passed with flying colors

How did you score?

15-16 correct

You passed with flying colors

13-14 correct

You passed

How did you score?

15-16 correct

You passed with flying colors

13-14 correct

You passed

12 or below

Try again

Driving safely among bicyclists and pedestrians may save a life or prevent a life-altering injury!



CARAVAN SE

Jeep

4×4

WASHINGTON



371